

Cont'd
B'

shown by the upper solid line and the current in the backward direction by the lower solid line. The diode made by the method according to the present invention has an anode 2, 3 made from a double layer of copper and PEDOT-PSS as the conducting polymer, spin-coated at 3000 rpm. The active semiconducting material P3HT is spin-coated at 600 rpm from a 5 mg/ml solution, and the cathode is made from aluminium. In this case the characteristic has been determined through two measurement series, and as can be seen from fig. 3b the results are virtually identical. The respective measurement series are discerned through curves with open or closed circles, respectively. The two upper, almost coinciding curves exhibit the current in the forward direction, while the lower curves exhibit the current in the backward direction. The difference compared to the diode made by conventional means is obvious.--

IN THE CLAIMS

Please cancel claims 2-4 without prejudice or disclaimer of the subject matter contained therein.

Please replace claim 1 with the following amended claim 1.

B2

1. (Amended) A method in the fabrication of an organic thin-film semiconducting device, wherein the semiconducting device comprises an electrode arrangement with electrodes